

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant / /
Filed by a Party other than the Registrant /X/

Check the appropriate box:
/ / Preliminary Proxy Statement
/ / Definitive Proxy Statement
/X/ Definitive Additional Materials
/ / Soliciting Material Pursuant to Rule 14a-11(c) or
or Rule 14a-12

KANSAS CITY POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

WESTERN RESOURCES, INC.

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

/ / \$125 per Exchange Act Rules 0-11(c)(1)(ii), 14a-6(i)(1), or 14a-6(i)(2)
/ / \$500 per each party to the controversy pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 14a-6(i)(3)
/ / Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(4) and 0-11

- 1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:

- 2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:

- 3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11:*

- 4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:

Set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined.

/ / Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.

- 1) Amount Previously Paid:

- 2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:

- 3) Filing Party:

- 4) Date Filed:

/x/ Filing fee paid with preliminary filing.

On May 6, 1996, Western Resources, Inc. issued the following Press Release and Employee Update:

WESTERN RESOURCES RAISES MINIMUM DIVIDEND LEVEL
IN ITS EXISTING KCPL PROPOSAL

TOPEKA, Kansas, May 6, 1996 -- The Board of Directors of Western Resources Inc., today raised the minimum dividend level and improved the upside opportunity for Kansas City Power and Light shareholders in its offer for Kansas City Power and Light (KCPL).

The move means that Western Resources' offer will continue to have a substantially higher projected dividend than under the proposed KCPL/UtiliCorp dividend program announced today.

The result is the minimum number of shares the KCPL shareholders will receive has been increased from .833 to .91 share of Western Resources. The maximum number of shares remains at .985 share of Western Resources.

Based on projections included in Western Resources' preliminary prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, KCPL shareholders would receive an annual dividend of more than \$1.85 regardless of Western Resources' stock price at the time of the merger.

Based on today's stock closing price, Western Resources projects KCPL shareholders would get a dividend of \$2.01, assuming the transaction is closed in late 1997, compared to the \$1.85 projected from the UtiliCorp deal.

"We want to make sure there is no confusion about which offer pays the better dividends for shareholders. Our confidence in the soundness of our offer is high, so our move to raise the minimum dividend is sound," said John E. Hayes, Jr., chairman and chief executive officer of Western Resources.

Western Resources (NYSE:WR) is a diversified energy company. Its utilities, KPL and KGE, operating in Kansas and Oklahoma, provide natural gas service to approximately 650,000 customers and electric service to approximately 600,000 customers. Through its subsidiaries, Westar Business Services, Westar Consumer Services, Westar Capital, and The Wing Group, energy-related products and services are developed and marketed in the continental U.S., and offshore.

For more information about Western Resources and its operating companies, visit us on the Internet at <http://www.wstnres.com>.

A registration statement relating to the Western Resources securities referred to in these materials has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission but has not yet become effective. Such securities may not be sold nor may offers to buy be accepted prior to the time the registration statement becomes effective. These materials shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any state in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state. On May 6, 1996, Western Resources, Inc. issued the following Employee Update:

LETTER TO SEC LISTS 13 MISINFORMATION AREAS BY KCPL
IN RESPONDING TO WESTERN RESOURCES' MERGER OFFER

ASKS COMMISSION TO REQUIRE KCPL TO RE-SOLICIT NEW PROXIES

TOPEKA, Kansas, May 6, 1996 -- Calling Kansas City Power & Light Company's statements concerning the proposed exchange offer by Western Resources what it believes to be "materially false and/or materially misleading," Western Resources' counsel today sent a detailed letter to the Securities and Exchange Commission listing 13 "misinformation areas" in letters, press releases and advertisements being distributed by KCPL and UtiliCorp.

"This campaign of misinformation by KCPL, assisted by UtiliCorp, has been triggered by the emergence of Western Resources' proposed exchange offer for KCPL and has been calculated to poison KCPL shareholders against the Western Resources offer even before the KCPL shareholders receive Western Resources' proxy materials and preliminary prospectus," the letter said.

"In Western Resources view, as more fully documented herein, KCPL's misinformation tactics include:

+Making statements that are either simply false or otherwise omit materially necessary facts;

+Continually representing as "fact" matters that are, at best, opinion, and, at worst, rank speculation;

+Continually focusing on customary language in the Western Resources Preliminary Prospectus informing shareholders about the uncertainties inherent in forward-looking statements and implying that such customary language conveys substantial doubt on Western Resources' part about the statements; this is a particularly insidious tactic considering that KCPL's shareholders had not yet received the Preliminary Prospectus; and

+Highlighting potential obstacles to the consummation of the Western Resources transaction without advising its shareholders that the KCPL board can remove these obstacles."

"KCPL's campaign of misinformation began with an April 21, 1996, letter to shareholders from Drue Jennings, KCPL's chairman of the board, president and chief executive officer, unfairly mischaracterizing the Western Resources offer and urging KCPL shareholders to vote for the UtiliCorp proposal," the letter states. "It continued with an April 26, 1996, KCPL advertisement repeating many of the misleading statements and misinformation contained in the April 21 letter. It proceeded with an April 29, 1996 KCPL letter and advertisement containing more misstatements and misinformation. Also on April 29, 1996 UtiliCorp published an advertisement entitled 'Merger Facts,' repeating many of KCPL's misstatements and misinformation."

Western Resources urges the Commission exercise the authority clearly granted by Congress to protect KCPL shareholders' right to exercise their voting authority on a "fair, honest and informed basis."

The letter takes issue with KCPL's argument that a Western Resources/KCPL merger cannot produce over \$1 billion in cost savings, compared to \$636 million projected in the UtiliCorp deal. KCPL advertisements have misstated and mischaracterized early letters between the companies discussing preliminary, minimum savings estimates. "Nowhere in its various statements does KCPL explain how a merger with Western Resources (which is considerably larger than either KCPL or UtiliCorp and has more contiguous and overlapping territories with KCPL than does UtiliCorp) could generate less savings than the \$636 million projected in the UtiliCorp proposal." The letter points to extensive analysis done in 1996 to support the \$1 billion projection.

Furthermore, when KCPL argued that Western Resources cannot get 90% of the KCPL shares tendered in a "hostile situation," it apparently forgot that its own offer in 1990 for KGE contained the same requirement, and that its financial advisor, Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette (now UtiliCorp's advisor) said at that time it was "entirely possible that more than 90% of KGE's outstanding common and preferred shares will be tendered," even if the offer remained hostile. The same advisor insisted that statements to the contrary were "misleading and distorted the likelihood of a successful acquisition of KGE by KCPL" according to an affidavit filed by KCPL with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

The letter also pointed KCPL's mischaracterization of the Western Resources proposal as placing more risk on KCPL shareholders than the UtiliCorp deal. It pointed out, "declines in stock price [of UtiliCorp] will also be borne by KCPL shareholders and ... the magnitude of that decline to KCPL shareholders will remain unchecked." In contrast "the Western Resources 'collar' provides assurance to KCPL shareholders that they will receive \$28.00 worth of Western Resources stock as long as the price of Western Resources stock ranges between \$28.43 and \$33.61."

For a copy of the multi-page letter, refuting point-by-point the 13 areas of misinformation statements by UtiliCorp and KCPL, contact Michel' Philipp at (913) 575-1927.

Western Resources (NYSE:WR) is a diversified energy company. Its utilities, KPL and KGE, operating in Kansas and Oklahoma, provide natural gas service to approximately 650,000 customers and electric service to approximately 600,000 customers. Through its subsidiaries, Westar Business Services, Westar Consumer Services, Westar Capital, and The Wing Group, energy-related products and services are developed and marketed in the continental U.S., and offshore.

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