

Investor Update

January 14, 2021





Forward Looking Statements

Statements made in this presentation that are not based on historical facts are forward-looking, may involve risks and uncertainties, and are intended to be as of the date when made. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our strategic plan, including, without limitation, those related to earnings per share, dividend, operating and maintenance expense and capital investment goals; the outcome of legislative efforts and regulatory and legal proceedings; future energy demand; future power prices; plans with respect to existing and potential future generation resources; the availability and cost of generation resources and energy storage; target emissions reductions; and other matters relating to expected financial performance or affecting future operations. Forward-looking statements are often accompanied by forward-looking words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "estimates," "forecasts," "should," "could," "may," "seeks," "intends," "proposed," "projects," "planned," "target," "outlook," "remain confident," "goal," "will" or other words of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking information.

In connection with the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Evergy, Inc., Evergy Kansas Central, Inc. and Evergy Metro, Inc. (collectively, the Evergy Companies) are providing a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ from the forward-looking information. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to: economic and weather conditions and any impact on sales, prices and costs; changes in business strategy or operations; the impact of federal, state and local political, legislative, iudicial and regulatory actions or developments, including deregulation, re-regulation, securitization and restructuring of the electric utility industry; decisions of regulators regarding, among other things, customer rates and the prudency of operational decisions such as capital expenditures and asset retirements; changes in applicable laws, regulations, rules, principles or practices, or the interpretations thereof, governing tax, accounting and environmental matters, including air and water quality and waste management and disposal; the impact of climate change, including increased frequency and severity of significant weather events and reduced demand for coal-based energy; prices and availability of electricity in wholesale markets; market perception of the energy industry and the Evergy Companies; the impact of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on, among other things, sales, results of operations, financial condition, liquidity and cash flows, and also on operational issues, such as the availability and ability of our employees and suppliers to perform the functions that are necessary to operate the Evergy Companies; changes in the energy trading markets in which the Evergy Companies participate, including retroactive repricing of transactions by regional transmission organizations and independent system operators; financial market conditions and performance, including changes in interest rates and credit spreads and in availability and cost of capital and the effects on derivatives and hedges, nuclear decommissioning trust and pension plan assets and costs; impairments of long-lived assets or goodwill; credit ratings; inflation rates; the transition to a replacement for the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) benchmark interest rate; effectiveness of risk management policies and procedures and the ability of counterparties to satisfy their contractual commitments; impact of terrorist acts, including cyber terrorism; ability to carry out marketing and sales plans; cost, availability, quality and timely provision of equipment, supplies, labor and fuel; ability to achieve generation goals and the occurrence and duration of planned and unplanned generation outages; delays and cost increases of generation, transmission, distribution or other projects; the Evergy Companies' ability to manage their transmission and distribution development plans and transmission joint ventures; the inherent risks associated with the ownership and operation of a nuclear facility, including environmental, health, safety, regulatory and financial risks; workforce risks, including those related to increased costs of, or changes in, retirement, health care and other benefits; disruption, costs and uncertainties caused by or related to the actions of individuals or entities, such as activist shareholders or special interest groups, that seek to influence our strategic plan, financial results or operations; the possibility that strategic initiatives, including mergers, acquisitions and divestitures, and long-term financial plans, may not create the value that they are expected to achieve in a timely manner or at all; difficulties in maintaining relationships with customers, employees, regulators or suppliers; and other risks and uncertainties.

This list of factors is not all-inclusive because it is not possible to predict all factors. Additional risks and uncertainties are discussed from time to time in current, quarterly and annual reports filed by the Evergy Companies with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Reports filed by the Evergy Companies with the SEC should also be read for more information regarding risk factors. Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of the particular statement. The Evergy Companies undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Evergy uses adjusted EPS and adjusted O&M which are non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure is included in the appendix.





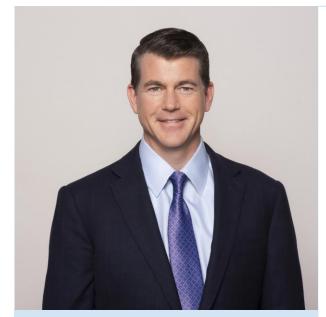
- Appointed David A. Campbell as President, Chief Executive Officer and Board Member
- CFO Tony Somma announced that he will depart the company and retire; plans to stay through transition
- Reaffirming long-term projected EPS CAGR of 6% to 8% from 2019 through 2024
 - Will provide 2021 earnings guidance by year-end earnings call in February 2021
- Executing STP initiatives to enhance the customer experience, improve reliability and resiliency, improve efficiency, and maintain affordability
- Advancing engagement with key stakeholders relating to longer-term generation fleet transformation and decarbonization
 - Conducting IRP stakeholder meetings in Kansas and Missouri
 - Conducting STP workshops to discuss plan and gather stakeholder feedback in Kansas and Missouri
 - Legislative sessions in both KS and MO convened in early January; in support of long-term fleet transformation objectives, plan to introduce securitization legislation in each state to support transition





David A. Campbell –President and CEO

Results-oriented Leader with Demonstrated Financial and Operational Acumen and a Deep Knowledge of Transforming the Utility Industry



Recent Career Experience

2019 – Dec 2020 Vistra Corp. **Executive Vice President & CFO**

2016 - 2019 Sharyland Utilities, L.P. CEO (dual role with InfraREIT)

2014 - 2019 InfraREIT, Inc. **CEO & Board Member**

Key Accomplishments

- Experienced energy industry executive of more than 25 years, including 15 years of senior leadership roles in the electric power and utility industry
- Proven track record of working with and delivering value to key stakeholders
- Demonstrated ability to drive performance and top line growth while addressing changing industry



Achieved double digit annual rate base and earnings growth



Successful strategic transformation planning, including fleet transition, greenhouse gas reductions, and capital allocation



Leadership resulted in significant shareholder returns, including top performance in S&P 500 Utilities Index



Led multiple companies post-transaction to achieve commitments and value

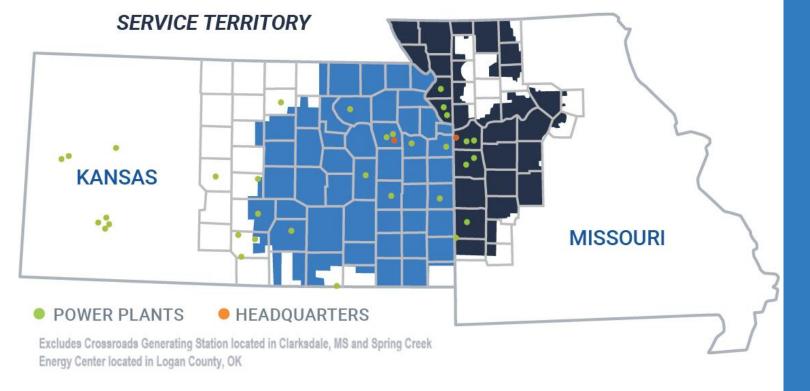


Profile





Pure Play, Vertically Integrated, Regulated Electric Utilities



Note:

- Statistics as of 12/31/19 unless otherwise noted.
- Estimated 2019 rate base based on ordered and settled rate cases.
- Total employees as of 8/31/20
- Total renewables, including both owned and purchase power agreements, expected by 12/31/20.

Evergy Statistics¹

- **S&P 500 and Russell 1000**
- **~\$14.4B** of rate base²
- **1.6M** electric customers
- ~5,200 total employees³
- 11,566 MW of owned generation
- 4,274 MW of renewables⁴
- **13,700 miles** of transmission
- **52,200 miles** of distribution





Compelling Investment Thesis

- STP/5-year financial plan delivers compelling benefits to key stakeholders: enhances the customer experience; improves reliability and resilience; honors key commitments; engages stakeholders in long-term transformation planning; maintains affordability
- Builds upon proven track record of achieving cost reductions
- Traditional, diverse capital expenditure plan without large project risk
- No additional regulatory mechanisms required to achieve 2020-2024 financial plan as STP is covered under existing recovery processes with limited impact on customer bills
- 2020-2024 plan targeting top-quartile earnings and dividend growth
- Attractive total shareholder return proposition with long-term upside from ongoing generation fleet transformation and grid modernization



Attractive Investment Outlook

- 2020 adjusted EPS¹ guidance: **\$2.95**–**\$3.10**
- Targeting EPS CAGR of 6–8% through 2024
- STP to invest ~\$9B in CapEx from 2020 through 2024
- Targeting rate base CAGR of 5–6% from 2019 through 2024
- Projected dividend growth in line with EPS growth, while targeting payout ratio of 60–70%

Note:

 A reconciliation of adjusted EPS guidance (non-GAAP) to projected earnings per share, the most comparable GAAP measure, is included in the appendix.

STP Targeted Adjusted EPS Growth¹





Sustainability Transformation Plan (STP)



Building on Our Success: Sustainability Transformation Plan (STP)

Driving Value and Creating Meaningful Stakeholder Benefits







A Straight-Forward, High-Quality Regulated Growth Story

1	Enhanced Shareholder Value	✓ ✓	Targeting 6-8% EPS CAGR through 2024, top quartile among regulated utilities Dividend growth in line with EPS growth
2	Productive Capital and Rate Base Growth	✓ ✓ ✓	~\$9B planned grid modernization and solar investment through 2024 ~\$10B of additional infrastructure investment opportunity through the end of the decade Existing and approved regulatory mechanisms provide high confidence in plan Job creation for our region
3	Cost Discipline & Operational Excellence	✓ ✓ ✓	\$210M/yr NFOM and \$145M/yr F&PP savings expected by 2024 Transparent execution plans Continuing our solid track record of delivering on merger synergies
4	Strengthened Customer Value Proposition	✓ ✓	Cost savings enable limited bill impacts of ~2% annualized in both states Enhanced reliability and customer experience through technology investments
5	Accelerated ESG Profile		Accelerated decarbonization with potential to reduce CO ₂ emissions 85% by 2030 from 2005 levels Robust, risk-mitigating stakeholder engagement process with constructive dialogue to-date
6	Strong Balance Sheet & Financial Discipline	√	Strong investment grade credit maintained No planned equity required to fund capital allocation





STP Financial Highlights

Targeted EPS Growth Supported by Rate Base Growth and Cost Reductions





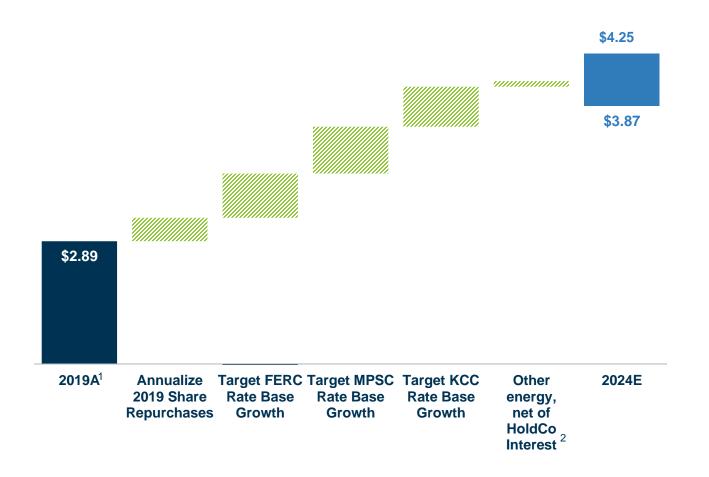
Note:

- Includes generation asset securitization.
- A reconciliation of adjusted O&M (non-GAAP) to O&M (GAAP) is included in the appendix.
- A reconciliation of adjusted EPS guidance (non-GAAP) to projected earnings per share, the most comparable GAAP measure, is included in the appendix.





Building Blocks of EPS Growth



NOTE:

- A reconciliation of adjusted EPS guidance (non-GAAP) to projected earnings per share, the most comparable GAAP measure, is included in the appendix.
- Includes forecasted income from equity investments in Transource and Prairie Wind, and other non-utility earnings in excess of expected holding company interest expense.

Phases of EPS Growth

- 2019 through 2022 is expected to be towards bottom end of our 6 to 8% EPS CAGR
 - O&M savings continues to ramp minimizing regulatory lag
 - Annual FERC updates
 - Assessing potential lingering impacts of COVID-19
- 2022 through 2024 is expected to be towards the top end of our 6 to 8% EPS CAGR
 - MO and KS general rate cases
 - Annual FERC updates
 - Continuous improvement in cost efficiencies





Building on Delivered Merger Commitments

Driving Value and Creating Meaningful Stakeholder Benefits

Key Considerations

- ✓ Maximize long-term shareholder value
- ✓ Maintain strong credit profile
- Enhance key stakeholder collaboration
- ✓ Deliver on prior merger commitments
- ✓ Improve regional rate competitiveness and deliver long-term customer benefits







Strengthened Customer Value Proposition

Rate stability and service enhancements

Illustrative Total Retail Rate Composition



- Maintaining our merger commitments (bill credits / rate freeze)
- Minimal rate increases anticipated in customer bills, ~2% annualized
- Shifting customer bills to reflect service enhancing infrastructure, while reducing NFOM and F&PP costs

Service Enhancements



Improved reliability for our customers

- Investments across T&D infrastructure to replace end-of-life assets
- Grid modernization & technology platform investment to minimize customer events



Modernized customer experience

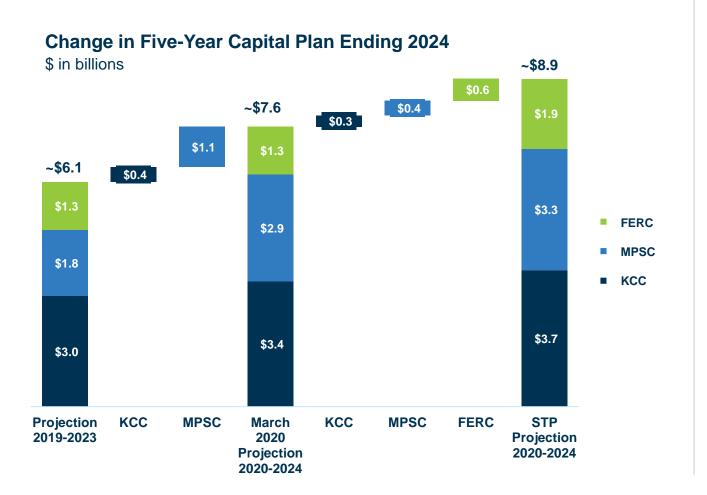


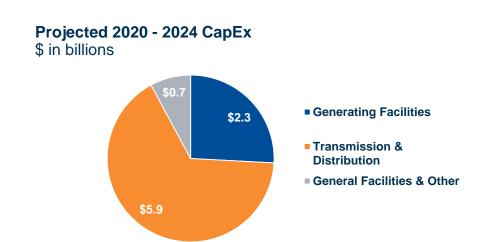
- New digital platforms to support customer interactions
- Continued development of innovative products & services to meet customer needs





Balanced, Diverse Investment Opportunities and Accelerated Transition to Cleaner Energy





Key Highlights of Plan:

- Over \$2.9B of Missouri CapEx expected to qualify for Plant In Service Accounting (PISA)
- ~\$675M of potential renewable investment, which will be evaluated and finalized through the STP and IRP stakeholder processes





Traditional Investment Resulting in a More Modern, Reliable Grid

Investment categories	Total capital 2020-2024E (\$ in billions)	Description	Customer Benefit
Distribution Grid Resiliency	2.5 0.5 3.0	Upgrade and replace distribution assets including conductors, poles, circuit breakers, transformers, reclosers to address asset conditions, operations efficiencies, build contingency strength and resiliency	Higher reliability and grid safety through reduced outages frequency and duration; Lower O&M costs and failure capex; Improved operational capabilities; Improved safety & local jobs
Transmission Grid Resiliency	1.4 0.5 1.9	Connect new Wind and Solar reconnects to progress towards our decarbonization goals. Maintain and prevent asset degradation to last beyond service life with higher operating standards & performance	Improved reliability of Transmission Grid; Achieve integration of diverse and distributed sources across footprint; Lower costs of energy for our customers through interconnects, and lower losses; Grid hardening reduces operational costs
Critical Asset Hardening and Contingency	0.1 0.1	Harden, replace and strengthen critical assets (Substations, Overhead and, Underground wires, Poles, etc.,) Achieve higher operating standards & contingency for critical transformers and feeders	Improved reliability & safety due to reduced outages; Multiplier effects in increase performance and reduced costs by targeting critical circuits; High level of customer incident reduction with new back-ups and contingency plans
Distribution Automation and Technology	0.3 0.1	Advanced technology investments in distribution and work management automation, demand/response and EV integration, data analytics leveraging machine learning and artificial intelligence, process automation and IoT deployment Digitize operations, achieve visibility on the grid ops and enable customer choice	Operational excellence and reduced costs through digitization and enhanced operational data visibility; Reduced energy consumption & increased safety for customers & the community; Customer options through DER integration
Generation Renewables	0.2	Investments in 700 MW of utility-scale owned solar projects to decarbonize portfolio	Greener portfolio reduces CO ₂ emissions and offers improved ESG profile
	Key: ■Prior plan ■Incremental STP		OVOROV

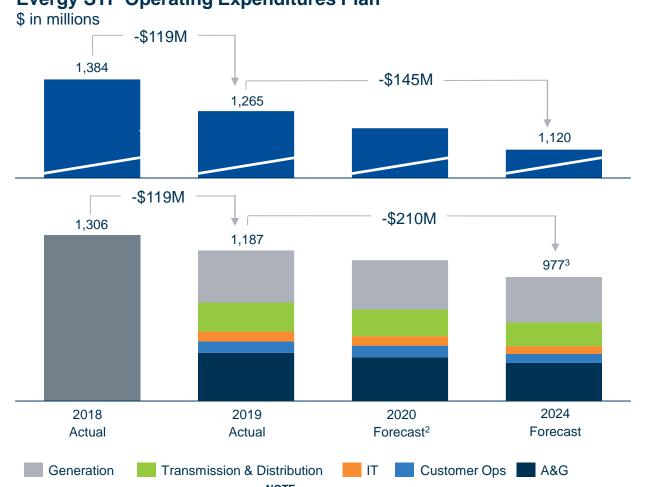




Continuing to Bend the Operating Cost Curve

Detailed cost initiatives identified, building upon merger execution track record

Evergy STP Operating Expenditures Plan





Fuel & Purchased Power (F&PP): Fuel contract renegotiation, outage optimization & timing, flexible operations



Generation: Organizational efficiencies, operational improvements in the current fleet, supply chain and maintenance



T&D: Vegetation management, field work force, fleet, office real estate optimization



IT: Infrastructure and operating model efficiency, sourcing and procurement optimization



Customer Ops: Digital adoption and operating model efficiency, metering, contact center operations, account management



A&G: Organization optimization through attrition and scale efficiencies, procurement, benefits, digital transformation

- A reconciliation of adjusted O&M (non-GAAP) to O&M (GAAP) is included in the appendix.
- 2020 adjusted O&M forecast range of 8% 10% reduction from 2019A of \$1,187M.
- Represents the mid-point of 2024 O&M forecast range of \$966M to \$988M.



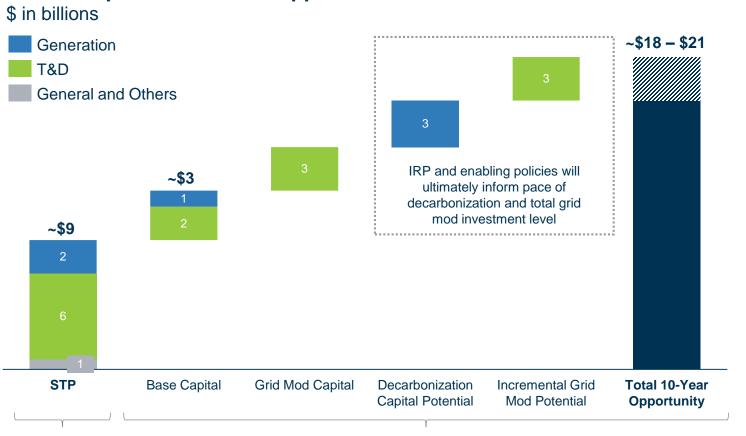
Non-Fuel O&M1



10-Year Capital Visibility Highlights Investment Flexibility

Further decarbonization offers upside potential

Future Capital Investment Opportunities



- Continued base infrastructure investment, including the completion of the Grid Modernization that was launched in the STP
- Significant additional capital deployment opportunities to achieve decarbonization goals over the next decade

2020-2024E

Potential 2025E - 2029E: ~\$9 to \$12B





STP Covered Under Existing Recovery Mechanisms

Does <u>not</u> require additional regulatory approval; further accelerated decarbonization offers upside to existing plan

STP Utilizes Traditional Recovery Mechanisms

Operational Cost Savings

- Fuel and purchased power savings immediately benefit customers through existing FACs
- NFOM savings shared with customers through existing mechanisms (ESRP in KS and traditional rate case proceedings in both states)

Infrastructure Investment

- No pre-approval required
- All capital expenditures subject to existing recovery mechanisms (traditional rate cases, TDC, PISA, abbreviated rate cases, CIP/Cyber tracker, etc.)
- STP investment level remains moderate compared to peers

Enabling Policy Unlocks Accelerated Decarbonization

Pre-Approval Not Required

- Renewable generation additions and/or plant retirements subject to traditional rate cases although constructive mechanisms exist in both states
 - MO renewable investment qualifies under PISA
 - Generation investment pre-determination available in Kansas and has been successfully used several times since 2008
- Constructive enabling legislation unlocks ability to advance longer-term generation fleet transition and achieve further decarbonization and efficiency/cost benefits



Key STP Milestones

Completion of SROC Strategic Assessment	7	August 2020
Announcement of STP and Stakeholder Engagement Begins	7	August 2020
Completion of KCC SROC Investigation Docket	7	October 2020
Introduction of Enabling Decarbonization Legislation in MO and KS	7	Q1 2021
File MO and KS Integrated Resource Plans	1	April / July 2021
Completion of KCC and MPSC STP Evaluation Dockets	7	Q3 2021
Quarterly Financial Reporting of STP Progress	7	Ongoing
Successful Completion of MO & KS General Rate Cases	7	Q4 2022 / 2023







STP: Maximizing Value and Benefitting All Stakeholders



Targets creating a top-quartile EPS growth, high-performance electric utility



Delivers on the terms of prior regulatory merger commitments and focuses on customer rate competitiveness and stability



Invests in infrastructure that creates operational savings, enhances the customer experience, continues to modernize the electrical grid and delivers cleaner more affordable energy



Accelerates transition to cleaner energy by creating the opportunity to retire coal generation and increasing investments in renewable energy, with stakeholder support and constructive regulatory mechanisms to address retirements



Protects jobs and enhances economic development



Sustainability





A Track Record of Decarbonization



2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020E

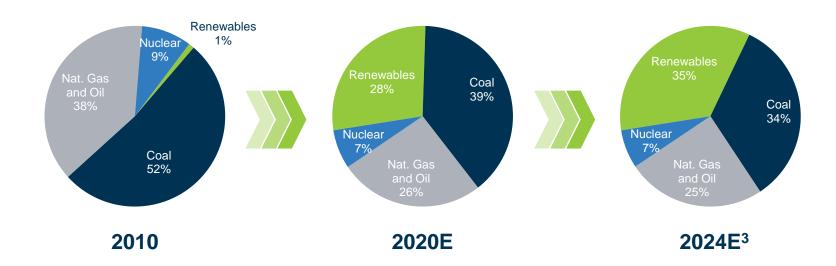
We have:

- Reduced carbon by 45% from 2005 levels
- Emission-free sources (renewable and nuclear) providing nearly half of retail customers' energy needs
- **Top ten wind portfolio** of electric utilities in U.S.
- Largest electric vehicle charging network in the U.S.



Reducing Coal Exposure

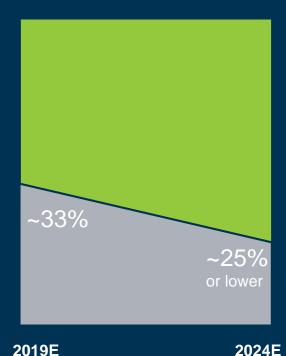
Generation Capacity by Fuel Type^{1,2}



NOTE:

- 1. Renewables include both owned and power purchase agreements and are listed at nameplate.
 - Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.
- 3. Ultimate resource plan and generation capacity will be defined through scenario analysis and in collaboration with stakeholders through IRP process.

Targeted Coal Rate Base as Percentage of Total Rate Base



■ Coal Rate Base ■ Non-Coal Rate Base

- Rate base growth coming from non-carbon emitting assets (drives ~80% of reduction)
- Assumes ~500MW of coal retirement in 2024 (drives ~20% of reduction)
- Pursuing decarbonization policy enablers that would result in further upside to this metric



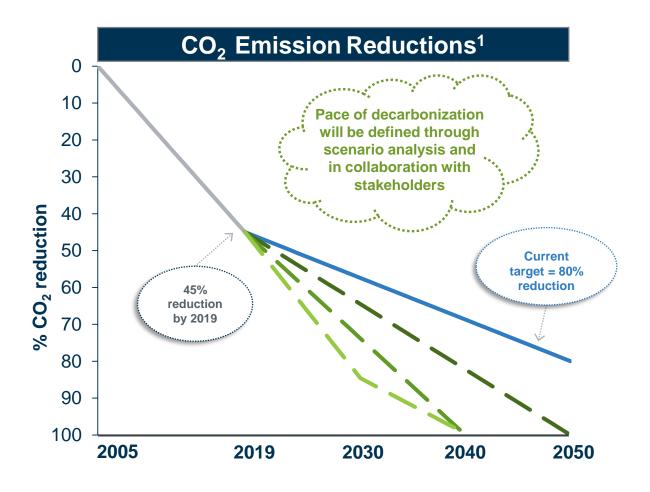


Pursuing Accelerated, Responsible Decarbonization

STP has the potential to reduce CO₂ emissions 85% by 2030 from 2005 levels

Paths to Decarbonization

- Broad stakeholder engagement in and support for planning process
- Constructive policy outcomes which support decarbonization and mitigate risk
- Continued / expanded support for demand-side resources and energy efficiency
- Deployment of cost-effective utility scale renewable and storage technologies
- Responsible transition of workforce through natural attrition and reskilling
- Disciplined management of existing generation to smooth transition through end-of-life
- Expanded beneficial electrification to promote economywide decarbonization
- Grid modernization to support continued expansion of demand-side resources and load management



1. Targets vs. 2005 levels; potential 100% CO₂ emission reduction targets would be dependent on commercialization of new technologies





Environmental, Social and Governance

Evergy's "People First" culture fosters engagement, diversity, excellence and inclusion

SEPARATE **CEO & CHAIRMAN** W/ LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR



\$7.3 MILLION

IN PHILANTHROPIC SUPPORT

\$113 MILLION

SPENT WITH DIVERSE SUPPLIERS

YEARS

>\$1M **EMPLOYEE GIVING PROGRAM**

20,000 **EMPLOYEE VOLUNTEER HOURS**



250+ community Boards with Evergy representatives

ALL BOARD COMMITTEES CHAIRED BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS



3,641 **MEGAWATTS OF** RENEWABLE POWER



45% **REDUCTION IN** CO₂ EMISSIONS FROM 2005 LEVELS



January 2021

Regulatory and Legislative Priorities





Regulatory Matters



Kansas Corporation Commission

- Closed SROC review Docket: 20-EKME-514-GIE on October 29, 2020
- Approved COVID-19 AAO to track expenses and lost revenue associated with pandemic



Missouri Public Service Commission

- Extended STP review Docket: EO-2021-0032 report date to January 29, 2021
- Approved COVID-19 AAO settlement agreement to track and defer pandemic costs



Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

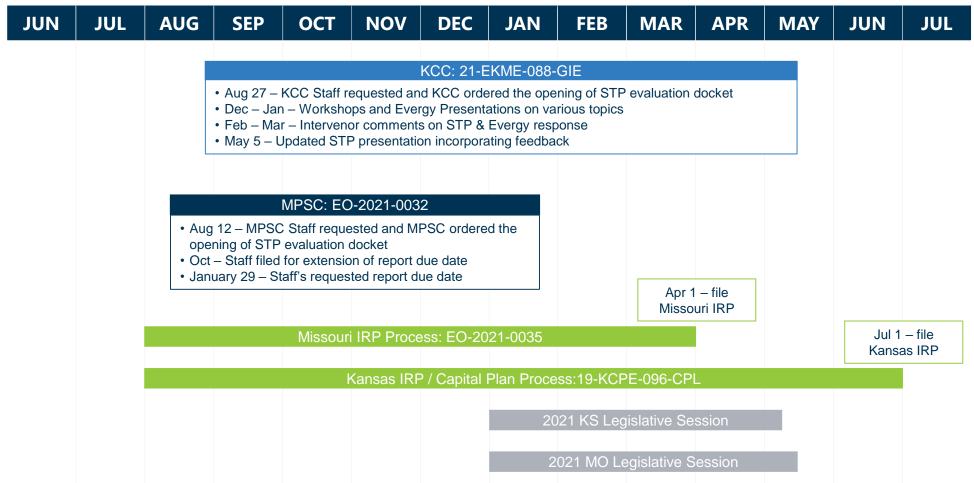
 FERC formula rates updated annually, effective January 1, to reflect changes in cost of service





Key STP Regulatory Activities

2020 2021







Proposed KCC STP Workshop Schedule

Grid modernization workshop	December 3 rd
Operational efficiencies workshop	December 21st
Enhanced customer experience workshop	January 20 th
Intervenor comments due	February 19 th
Cross-answering intervenor comments due	March 5 th
Evergy response to intervenor comments	March 19 th
Stakeholder/Commission wrap-up workshop	May 5 th

Note: MPSC STP docket calls for Staff report on January 29, 2021; currently conducting STP workshops in Missouri





Overview of Regulatory Commissions



Missouri Public Service Commission (MPSC)

- STP Review docket: #EO-2021-0032
- IRP docket: #EO-2021-0035
- COVID-19 docket: #EU-2020-0350
- PISA Docket: EO-2019-0045 (Every MO West), EO-2019-0047 (Every Missouri Metro



Mr.Ryan A. Silvey (R) Chair (since September 2018) Term began: January 2018 Term expires: January 2024



Mr. William P. Kenney (R) Commissioner

Term began: January 2013 Term expires: January 2019



Mr. Scott T. Rupp (R) Commissioner Term began: March 2014 Term expires: March 2020



Ms. Maida J. Coleman (D) Commissioner Term began: August 2015 Term expires: August 2021



Mr. Jason R. Holsman (D) Commissioner Term began: January 2020 Term expires: January 2026



Mr. Andrew J. French Commissioner Term began: June 2020

MPSC consists of five (5) members, including the Chairman, who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

- Members serve six-year terms (may continue to serve after term expires until reappointed or
- Governor appoints one member to serve as Chairman



Kansas Corporation Commission (KCC)

- STP Review docket: #21-EKME-088-GIF
- IRP Docket: #19-KCPE-096-CPL
- COVID-19 dockets: #20-GIMG-423-ACT and #20-GIMX-393-MIS



Ms. Susan Duffy (D) Chair (since January 2020) Term began: May 2019 Term expires: March 2023



Mr. Dwight D. Keen (R) Commissioner Term began: April 2018 Term expires: March 2022



Term expires: March 2024

KCC consists of three (3) members, including the Chairman, who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.

- Members serve four-year terms (may continue to serve after term expires until reappointed or replaced)
- Commissioners elect one member to serve as Chairman



Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC)

 FERC formula rates updated annually, effective January 1, to reflect changes in cost of service



Mr. James Danly (R) Chair (since December 2020) Term began: March 2020 Term expires: June 2023



Neil Chatterjee (R) Commissioner Term began: August 2017 Term expires: June 2021



Mr. Richard Glick (D) Commissioner Term began: November 2017 Term expires: June 2022



Ms. Allison Clements (D) Commissioner Term began: December 2020 Term expires: June 2024



Mr. Mark Christie (R) Commissioner Term began: January 2021 Term expires: June 2025

FERC consists of five (5) members, including the chairman, who are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

FERC is an independent agency that regulates the interstate transmission of natural gas, oil, and electricity





Constructive Ratemaking

Cost Recovery Mechanisms	Evergy KS Central	Evergy Metro KS	Evergy Metro MO	Evergy MO West
Fuel Adjustment Clause Rider	✓	✓	✓	✓
Pension and OPEB Tracker	✓	✓	✓	✓
Missouri Plant in Service Accounting (PISA)			✓	✓
Property Tax Surcharge Rider	✓	✓		
Energy Efficiency Cost Recovery Rider	✓	✓		
Missouri Energy Efficiency Investment Act Program Rider			✓	✓
Renewable Energy Standards Tracker			✓	✓
Renewable Energy Standard Rate Adj. Mechanism Rider				✓
Transmission Delivery Charge Rider	✓	✓		
Critical Infrastructure Protection Standards / Cybersecurity Tracker	✓	✓		
Abbreviated Rate Case	✓	✓		





Plant In Service Accounting (PISA)

Missouri Senate Bill 564 was signed in to law on June 1, 2018

- Modernizes the regulatory framework in Missouri
- Provides rate caps and stability for customers
- Reduces regulatory lag through PISA, making Missouri a more attractive jurisdiction for capital investment

PISA

- Authorizes deferral of depreciation expense and return associated with 85% of qualifying rate base additions between rate cases
- Annual submission of capital plans
 - No more than 6% of total capex in a given year may consist of smart meters
 - At least 25% of annual capex shall consist of grid modernization projects
- PISA treatment ceases on 12/31/23 unless the Commission grants 5-year extension

Rate Caps

Rate cap of 3% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) beginning December 6, 2018



Appendix





Strong Balance Sheet & Financial Discipline

Current Credit Ratings

	S&P	Moody's
Evergy		
Outlook	Stable	Stable
Corporate Credit Rating	A-	N/A
Senior Unsecured Debt	BBB+	Baa2
Evergy Kansas Central / Evergy Kansas South		
Outlook	Stable	Stable
Senior Secured Debt	A	A2
Commercial Paper (Central only)	A-2	P-2
Evergy Metro		
Outlook	Stable	Stable
Senior Secured Debt	A+	A2
Commercial Paper	A-1	P-2
Evergy Missouri West		
Outlook	Stable	Stable
Senior Unsecured Debt	A-	Baa2
Commercial Paper	A-2	P-2



No planned equity required to **fund STP**



Capital structure held inline



Strong credit metrics maintained



2020 GAAP EPS Guidance of \$2.58 - \$2.73; Adjusted EPS¹ Guidance of \$2.95 - \$3.10

Key Driver Considerations:

Retail electric sales:

• We expect the continued slow, steady recovery in fourth quarter

Adjusted O&M expense²: 8% to 10% reduction from 2019 Adjusted O&M of \$1.187B

Depreciation expense: • \$20M to \$30M higher than 2019

Non-operating income (expense):

• COLI proceeds of ~\$20M

\$4M received YTD through October

Effective tax rate: • 13% to 15%

Annual average share count: • 228M

NOTE



^{1.} A reconciliation of adjusted EPS guidance (non-GAAP) to projected earnings per share, the most comparable GAAP measure, is included in the appendix.

^{2.} Adjusted O&M is a non-GAAP financial measure. See appendix for reconciliation to most comparable GAAP information.



2021 Considerations & Preliminary Drivers

Expect to give 2021 earnings guidance with year-end earnings in February 2021

- Sales: expecting an increase in weather-normalized sales; will continue to monitor the lingering impacts of COVID-19
- Adjusted O&M expense: will implement STP identified savings initiatives
- Transmission revenue: expecting ~\$30M of higher FERC revenue in 2021 from additional transmission infrastructure investment
- Depreciation expense: expected to increase around \$30 to \$35 million due to increased infrastructure investment
- COLI proceeds: projecting ~\$20M
- Effective tax rate forecast of ~11% to 13%





Earnings Review and Sharing Program in Kansas

ERSP 2019-2022

- Earnings above allowed level shared 50/50 between customers and shareholders
 - Sharing level set at 9.3% ROE plus \$11.47 million to account for recovery of annual bill credits
 - ERSP defined utility equity ratio cap
 - 51% 2019
 - 50.5% 2020
 - 50% 2021-2022

Illustrative 2019 ERSP Calculation					
Rate Base (RB)	\$5.75B	ERSP revenue surplus ¹	\$11.97M		
Equity Ratio	51%	Annual bill credits	\$(8.65M)		
Equity portion of RB	\$2.9B	ERSP revenue surplus after bill credits	\$3.32M		
Effective Tax Rate	26.5%	Customer share @ 50%	\$1.66M		
ERSP Authorized ROE	9.30%	Earnings impact of ERSP sharing	\$(1.22M)		
ERSP Earned ROE	9.60%	Earned ROE	9.56%		

^{1.} ERSP revenue surplus: ((ERSP calculated earned ROE – ERSP authorized ROE) * equity portion of rate base) / (1 - tax rate).





GAAP to Non-GAAP EPS Reconciliation¹

2020 EPS Guidance ²				
2020 GAAP EPS	\$2.58 - \$2.73			
Voluntary severance expense, pre-tax	0.28			
Advisor expense, pre-tax	0.13			
Income tax benefit	(0.10)			
Kansas corporate income tax change	0.06			
2020 Adjusted EPS (non-GAAP)	\$2.95 - \$3.10			
2019 EPS				
2019 GAAP EPS	\$2.79			
Rebranding	0.05			
Severance expense	0.08			
Income tax benefit	(0.03)			
2019 Adjusted EPS (non-GAAP)	\$2.89			

NOTE:



^{1.} Adjusted earnings per share guidance (non-GAAP) and adjusted O&M (non-GAAP) are financial measures that are not calculated in accordance with GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations of similarly-named measures or more useful than the GAAP information.

^{2. 2020} EPS guidance assumes average annual outstanding share count of 227M.



GAAP to Non-GAAP O&M Reconciliation¹

2018 O&M (\$ in millions)	
2018 GAAP O&M	\$1,116
Great Plains Energy O&M prior to the merger	318
Non-recurring merger-related costs	(101)
Pro Forma O&M	\$1,333
Severance expense	\$(24)
Deferral of merger transition costs	28
Inventory write-off from retiring generating units	(31)
2018 Adjusted O&M (non-GAAP)	\$1,306

2019 O&M (\$ in millions)	
2019 GAAP O&M	\$1,219
Severance expense and rebranding costs	(32)
2019 Adjusted O&M (non-GAAP)	\$1,187

2020 O&M Guidance (\$ in millions)		
Estimated 2020 GAAP O&M	\$1,162 - \$1,186	
Estimated severance and advisor expenses	(94)	
Implied 2020 Adjusted O&M (non-GAAP) ²	\$1,068 – 1,092	

NOTE:



^{1.} Adjusted O&M (non-GAAP) is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations of similarly-named measures or more useful than the GAAP information.

^{2.} Assumes deferral of COVID-19 incurred costs for future recovery.



GAAP to Non-GAAP O&M Reconciliation¹

(\$'s in millions)	3Q 2020	3Q 2019	YTD 3Q 2020	YTD 3Q 2019
GAAP O&M	\$304.6	\$311.6	\$865.5	\$907.1
Rebranding costs	-	(3.6)	-	(4.7)
Voluntary severance costs	(28.7)	(0.4)	(55.3)	(15.1)
Advisor expenses	(9.7)	-	(26.1)	-
Adjusted O&M (non-GAAP)	\$266.2	\$307.6	\$784.1	\$887.3

NOTE:



^{1.} Adjusted O&M (non-GAAP) is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations of similarly-named measures or more useful than the GAAP information.



2019/2020 EPS: GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation¹

		Earnings (Loss) per Earnings Diluted (Loss) Share				arnings (Loss)	Earnings (Loss) per Diluted Share		
Three Months Ended September 30	2020					2019			
	(millions, except per share a								
Net income attributable to Evergy, Inc.	\$	364.5	\$	1.60	\$	366.8	\$	1.56	
Non-GAAP reconciling items:									
Rebranding costs, pre-tax(a)		_		_		3.6		0.01	
Voluntary severance costs, pre-tax(b)		28.7		0.13		0.4		_	
Advisor expenses, pre-tax(c)		9.7		0.04		_		_	
Income tax benefit ^(d)		(9.6)		(0.04)		(1.0)		_	
Adjusted earnings (non-GAAP)	\$	393.3	\$	1.73	\$	369.8	\$	1.57	

		(Los Earnings Dil			arnings oss) per Oiluted Earnings Share (Loss)		Earnings (Loss) per Diluted Share		
Year to Date September 30		2020				2019			
	(millions, except per share amounts)								
Net income attributable to Evergy, Inc.	\$	567.3	\$	2.49	\$	606.0	\$	2.49	
Non-GAAP reconciling items:									
Rebranding costs, pre-tax(a)		_		_		4.7		0.02	
Voluntary severance costs, pre-tax(b)		55.3		0.24		15.1		0.06	
Advisor expenses, pre-tax(c)		26.1		0.12		_		_	
Income tax benefit(d)		(20.8)		(0.09)		(4.6)		(0.02)	
Kansas corporate income tax change(e)		13.8		0.06		_		_	
Adjusted earnings (non-GAAP)	\$	641.7	\$	2.82	\$	621.2	\$	2.55	

- (a) Reflects external costs incurred to rebrand the legacy Westar Energy and KCP&L utility brands to Evergy and are included in operating and maintenance expense on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.
- (b) Reflects severance costs incurred associated with certain voluntary severance programs at the Evergy Companies and are included in operating and maintenance expense on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.
- (c) Reflects advisor expenses incurred associated with strategic planning and are included in operating and maintenance expense on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.
- (d) Reflects an income tax effect calculated at a statutory rate of approximately 26%, with the exception of certain non-deductible items.
- (e) Reflects the revaluation of Evergy Kansas Central's, Evergy Metro's and Evergy Missouri West's deferred income tax assets and liabilities from the Kansas corporate income tax rate change and are included in income tax expense on the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

1. Diluted shares outstanding: 3Q20 = ~228M; 3Q19 = ~235M





Glossary of Acronyms & Abbreviations

A&G: IRP: Administrative and General Integrated Resource Plan

AAO: **Accounting Authority Order** KCC: Kansas Corporation Commission

CAGR: Compound Annual Growth Rate MPSC: Missouri Public Service Commission

NFOM: CapEx: Capital Expenditure Non-Fuel Operations and Maintenance

CIP: Critical Infrastructure Protection O&M: Operations and Maintenance

EPS: Earnings Per Share PISA: Plant In Service Accounting

ESG: Environmental, Social and Governance SROC: Strategic Review and Operations Committee

F&PP: Fuel and Purchased Power STP: Sustainability Transformation Plan

FERC: T&D: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Transmission and Delivery

GAAP: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles TDC: Transmission Delivery Charge

